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Portrayal of Cultural Identity in R.K. Narayan's *Swami and Friends*

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ABSTRACT

Cultural Identities are the distinct identities of people or groups in cultural and sub cultural categories and in social groups. If we look at the category of culture we are often born into our cultural identities. It is that which make up cultural identities such as sexuality, gender, religion, ethnicity, social class, or religion. One notable example of cultural identity in our literature is found in R.K. Narayan's work, 'Swami and Friends'. In the present novel we found colonial India during the British Raj and it follows the life of 'Swaminathan', a young boy growing up in the fictional town of Malgudi. This research paper aims at the study of cultural identity in the said novel.

Keywords: culture, identity, sexuality, gender, religion, ethnicity, social class

FULL PAPER

To know the secret of Cultural Identity we must have to study Culture with inculcation. We only learn the culture through socialization. It is that process of learning and adapting to social norms in which something we all do from a young age. The best novel example of it is R.K. Narayan's 'Swami and Friends.' In it Narayan has effectively explored the theme of cultural identity through the experiences and perspectives of its characters. The novel not only sheds light on the complexities of Indian society, but also highlights the importance of embracing and preserving one's cultural heritage in the face of change.

Cultural identity is a part of person's identity, or their self-conception and self-perception, and is related to nationality, ethnicity, religion, social class, generation, locality, or any kind of social groups that has its own distinct culture. In this way, cultural identity is both characteristics of an individual but also of the culturally identical group of members sharing the same cultural identity changes as opposed to others, those who change less often have a clear cultural identity. This means that they have a dynamic yet stable integration of their culture.

There are three pieces that make up a person's cultural identity: cultural knowledge, category label, and social connections. Cultural knowledge refers to a person's connection to their identity through understanding their culture's core characteristics. Category Label refers to a person's connection to their identity through their indirect membership of said culture. A social connection refers to a person's connection to their identity through their social relationships.

Cultural identity is developed through the series of steps. First, a person comes to understand a culture through being immersed in those values, beliefs, and practices. Second, the person then identifies as a member of that culture dependent on their rank within that community. Third, they develop relationships such as immediate family, close friends, coworkers, and neighbors.

Culture is a term that is highly complex and often contested with academics recording about 160 variations in meaning. Underpinning the notions of culture is that it is dynamic and changes over time and in different contexts resulting in many people today identifying with one or more cultures and many different.

It is a defining feature of person's identity, contributing to how they see themselves and the groups with which they identify. A person's understanding of their own and other's identities develops from birth and is shaped by the values and attitudes prevalent at home and in the surrounding community.

The basic themes of his novels are the place of man in this universe and in this predicament. He wants to suggest that life is illogical and man is always trying to translate his fantasies into reality, Narayan completes the story of man's rise and fall and thus presents a total view of life. R.K. Narayan's fictional works all have an underlying theme of simplicity, rural or suburban life and the search for identity. R.K. Narayan highlights the social context and everyday life of his characters. He has been compared to William Faulkner who created a similar fictional town and likewise explored with humor and compassion the energy of ordinary life. Narayan's short stories have been compared with those of Guy de Maupassant because of his ability to compress a narrative.

If you look at the main themes of R.K. Narayan's fictional works as a literary person then we came to know the main character's search for identity and everyday village life in India. Like this we may identify simple people with simple lives living in a changing world. This research seeks to examine the theme of cultural identity in R.K Narayan's classic novel, Swami and Friends. Set in the fictional town of Malgudi in British India, the story revolves around the lives of young Swaminathan and his friends, highlighting their experiences they grapple with complex issues of tradition, modernity, and colonial influence. Through a close, analytical reading of the novel, this research paper endeavors to explore how the characters navigate their evolving cultural identities amidst socioeconomic and political changes.

Added to this, it delves into R.K. Narayan's portrayal of Indian culture and society, offering insight into the valves and tensions that defined India during this period. By dissecting key narrative elements and character arcs, this investigation reveals how Swami and Friends serves as both a vivid snapshot of bygone era and a timeless study of cultural identity formation in a rapidly changing world. Thus, the aim of this research paper is to examine the theme of cultural identity in R.K. Narayan's Swami and Friends and how it reflects the socio-cultural milieu of pre-independence India. The novel, set in fictional town of Malgudi, serves as a microcosm for India during this period and provides Insight into the ways cultural identity is negotiated, contested, and reaffirmed amidst forces seeking change.

Thus, in our English literature, cultural identity is used primarily for characterization purposes. In order to create round characters, cultural identity must be fully explored. Often, cultural identities serve as the basis for narrative. Our literature plays a vital role in society by reflecting, challenging, and shaping culture and providing a means of express serving the human experience. The study of literature and culture provides you with invaluable skills in writing, thinking and expression.

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